

82557-1

10/1/2014

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

October 1, 2014

Jane Miller  
Agent for Sinon USA, Inc.  
c/o Biologic, Inc.  
115 Obtuse Hill Road  
Brookfield, CT 06804

Subject: Label Notification per PRN 2007-4 – Container Handling  
Product Name: Paraquat SL Herbicide  
EPA Registration Number: 82557-1  
Application Date: September 24, 2014  
Decision Number: 495891

Dear Ms. Miller:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 2007-4 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRN 2007-4.

The label submitted has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on non-refillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification via PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact Mindy Ondish at (703)605-0723 or at [ondish.mindy@epa.gov](mailto:ondish.mindy@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

*Mindy Ondish* for

Kable Bo Davis, Product Manager 25  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure



United States  
**Environmental Protection Agency**  
 Washington, DC 20460

Registration  
 Amendment  
 Other

OPP Identifier Number

**Application for Pesticide - Section I**

1. Company/Product Number 82557-1	2. EPA Product Manager K. Montague	3. Proposed Classification <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Paraquat SL Herbicide	PM# 23	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Sinon USA, Inc. c/o Biologic, Inc. 115 Obtuse Hill Road Brookfield, CT 06804 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

**Section - II**

Amendment - Explain below.  Final printed labels in response to **NOTIFICATION** Agency letter dated **OCT 01 2014**

Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated \_\_\_\_\_  "Me Too" Application.

Notification - Explain below.  Other - Explain below.

**Explanation:** Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)  
 Notification to revise the storage and disposal statement per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with the guidance in PR Notice 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

**Section - III**

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:

Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <b>HDPE</b>
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt. No. per container

3. Location of Net Contents Information  
 Label  Container

4. Size(s) Retail Container  
1, 2, 5, 5, 15, 30, 55, 120, 250 & 275 gal

5. Location of Label Directions

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product  
 Lithograph  Other  
 Paper glued   
 Stenciled

**Section - IV**

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)

Name Jane M. Miller	Title Agent	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (203) 740-1200
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**Certification**  
 I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

2. Signature 	3. Title Agent	6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
4. Typed Name Jane M. Miller	5. Date September 24, 2014	



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Information in « [ ] » may be omitted on Final Printed Label

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE  
DUE TO ACUTE TOXICITY  
FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS  
UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED  
BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.**

**PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE®**

**[ALT. BRAND NAME: [BONEDRY®][FIREPOT®][ADDER®][XFAS®][TAIPAN®]**

**Defoliant and desiccant herbicide  
for the control of weeds and grasses and as a harvest aid.**

**NOTIFICATION**

**OCT 01 2014**

- NEVER PUT INTO FOOD, DRINK OR OTHER CONTAINERS.
- IF SWALLOWED, TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION AS PRESCRIBED IN FIRST AID.
- SYMPTOMS ARE PROLONGED AND PAINFUL.
- DO NOT USE OR STORE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.
- DO NOT REMOVE CONTENTS EXCEPT FOR IMMEDIATE USE.
- THE ODOR OF THIS PRODUCT IS FROM THE STENCHING AGENT WHICH HAS BEEN ADDED, NOT FROM PARAQUAT.

**Active Ingredient:**

Paraquat dichloride (1,1'-dimethyl-4,4'- Bipyridinium dichloride) ..... 43.8%

**Other Ingredients:** ..... 56.2%

**Total:**..... 100.0%

Contains 3.0 pounds paraquat cation per gallon as 4.143 pounds salt per gallon. Contains stench (odor) and emetic.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**DANGER/PELIGRO**



**POISON**

**Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.**  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**EPA Reg. No. 82557-1**

**EPA Est.: 70552-TWN-001**

**Net Contents: \_\_\_\_\_ gallon(s)**

**[Batch Code: to appear on label or immediate container, depending on size and container type]**

**MARKED LABEL**

Last EPA Approved – 06 12 2014  
Notification to update Storage and Disposal statement – 09 24 2014



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Information in « [ ] » may be omitted on Final Printed Label

**Precautionary Statements**

**Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**DANGER.** May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe spray mist. Wear a dust mist respirator. Causes irreversible eye damage. Wear protective eyewear. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin. **IMPORTANT:** Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

**Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical Resistant Gloves – Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton)
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- A dust mist NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P, or HE filter

**Mixers and loaders must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical Resistant Gloves – Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton)
- Shoes plus socks
- Dust mist NIOSH-approved respirator with ANY N, R, P, or HE filter.
- Chemical resistant apron
- Face Shield

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**User Safety Recommendations**

**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

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Information in « [ ] » may be omitted on Final Printed Label

**Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Paraquat dichloride is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the Directions for Use section for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial application during periods of thermal inversion.

**Physical and Chemical Hazards**

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. This product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber lined steel containers.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Restricted Use Pesticide.** It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**DO NOT USE AROUND HOME GARDENS, SCHOOLS, RECREATIONAL PARKS, GOLF COURSE OR PLAYGROUNDS.**

**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to use of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**For chemical fallow, early postemergence broadcast in peanuts and dormant season applications, and "between cutting" applications in alfalfa:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

**For preplant or preemergence (broadcast or banded), postemergence directed spray applications, and harvest aid and desiccation application:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical Resistant Gloves – Category A (e.g., barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton).

**MARKED LABEL**

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**NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**DO NOT** enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

**AVOID** working in spray mist.

**KEEP** all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift.

Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. Store at temperatures above 32°F. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Contact: CHEMTREC at (800) 424-9300.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Disposal: Do not reuse container as container is not safe for food, feed or drinking water!**

**[2.5 gal. non-refillable, rigid:] For non-refillable containers 5 gallons or less:** Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

**[30 gal. non-refillable, rigid:] For non-refillable containers greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons:** Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

**For non-refillable containers greater than 56 gallons:** To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container

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about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

~~**[250 gal non-refillable, rigid:]** Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.~~

~~**[30 gal and 110 gal, refillable, rigid:]**~~

~~**For Refillable Containers:** Refill this container with Paraquat Dichloride only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.~~

~~**[250 gal refillable, rigid:]** Refillable container. Refill this container with Paraquat Dichloride only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.~~

~~**[Bulk (tank truck), return: No container type statement and instructions for residue removal are required ]**~~

**USE INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION**

**Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.**

When PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is applied at less than 10 gallons per acre finished spray volume, a drift control or spray deposition additive SHOULD be used. Always refer to the additive label for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

**Spray Drift Information**

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

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The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45°.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they shall be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information**.

**AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION**

**Information on Droplet Size**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environment conditions (see **Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions**).

**Controlling Droplet Size**

- **Volume** – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- **Number of Nozzles** – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle Type** – Use a nozzle that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

**Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ¾ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application Height**

Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this

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displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

**Wind**

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**Temperature and Humidity**

When making applications in low relative humidity, set-up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

**Temperature Inversions**

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

**Sensitive Areas**

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

**USE INFORMATION**

**APPLICATION**

PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is a contact herbicide is for control or suppression of a broad spectrum of emerged weeds including most annual small broadleaf and grass weeds. It can also be used to suppress perennial weeds by destroying green foliage and as a desiccant/defoliant at harvest.

Complete coverage of target weeds is necessary to get good control because PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is a contact-type herbicide. It is also necessary to obtain complete coverage for good crop desiccation and defoliations. Undesirable weed control and undesirable crop desiccation/defoliation will result if improper application technique and/or application to large, stressed, or mown weeds are made. Refer to the following details for specific application instructions.

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PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is a liquid formulation containing 3 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon. It contains a nontoxic odor to help prevent accidental ingestions. It also contains an emetic (an agent which will induce vomiting if the product is swallowed).

Through coverage of all green foliage is required for efficacious weed control and crop defoliation and desiccation because PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] requires actively growing green plant tissue to function. Drought-stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage (i.e., mowed or cut weeds), or mature woody bark of trees and vines are unaffected by application with PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

There is no residual soil activity to affect later-planted crops or later germinating weeds because clay and organic matter rapidly tie up PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

**ROTATIONAL CROPS**

After the last application PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME], all rotational crops may be planted immediately.

**RAINFESTNESS**

Rain occurring 30 minutes or more after application will have no effect on the activity of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] because it is rapidly absorbed by the weed foliage.

**USE OF A NONIONIC SURFACTANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE**

The following should always be added and be used at the recommended rates or there will be a reduction in efficacy of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

**Nonionic Surfactant:** Either add a nonionic surfactant containing 50-74% surface-action agent at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.), or add nonionic surfactant containing 75% or more surface-active agent at 0.125% v/v (1pt./100 gals.), of the finished spray volume for groups applications. Add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume for aerial applications.

**Crop Oil Concentrate:** For ground applications, add a nonphytotoxic crop oil concentrate that contains 15-20% approved emulsifier, with 1.0% v/v (1 gal./100 gals.) of the finished spray volume. Add 1 pt. of crop oil concentrate per acre for aerial applications. For cotton harvest aid, do not use crop oil concentrate when using PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

**NOZZLE SELECTION**

The use of flat-fan nozzles is the most effective application of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. The use of flood nozzles may result in a reduction of weed control due to inadequate coverage because they produce large uneven droplets.

**Use only flat fan nozzles** when spraying less than 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre using the following table.

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**Table 1. Nozzle Type and Spray Pressures and Setup**

	Nozzle Type	
	Flat Fan	Flood
Maximum Size	8	15
Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	30-50 psi	30-50 psi
Maximum Nozzle Spacing	30"	40"
Direction of Spray Pattern	Down	Down
Maximum Speed	10 mph	10 mph
Spray Overlap (at each edge)	30%	50%

Reduced control will result if nozzles, pressures, or setups differ from the above chart.

**SPRAY CARRIER**

PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be inactivated by muddy water, or suspension-type fertilizers containing clay. Therefore, always use clean water (free of mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers as the carrier when spraying PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. Never use suspension-type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Always use the higher rate of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] and surfactant if using a complete clear liquid fertilizer containing high phosphate levels as the spray carrier.

**Note:** It is important that when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier, that nonionic surfactant still be used with PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. The use of liquid fertilizer carriers are not substitutes for surfactants.

**RATES OF PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]**

With each use, follow rates listed in the following tables. When weeds are larger or are dense, use the higher label rates. For use as a harvest aid, use the higher specified rate when crop vegetation is dense. Do not exceed 0.50 lbs. a.i./A in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray for broadcast applications with backpack sprayers.

**SPRAY VOLUME**

With each use, follow minimum spray volumes listed in the following tables. Spray volumes should be increased as necessary to obtain complete coverage of the target weed or plant without runoff from the foliage because the volumes listed are minimum volumes only.

TARGET WEEDS SHOULD NOT EXCEED SIX INCHES IN HEIGHT WHEN SPRAYING LESS THAN 20 GALLONS OF SPRAY CARRIER PER ACRE.

**Application Timing**

Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1 – 6 inches in height. If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2-4 inches in height. Also, during harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

**MARKED LABEL**

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**BURNDOWN OF GRASS COVER CROPS OR VOLUNTEER CEREALS**

The best results occur for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals, when PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is applied prior to tillering or after boot stage, especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Complete control may not be achieved with treatments made between tillering and boot stage. Complete control of perennial cover crops should not be expected.

**ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

This product is active over a wide range of environmental conditions such as cool (below 55°), cloudy or overcast weather. However these conditions will slow the activity of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

**SPOT SPRAYING**

Refer to the following table if only small areas are to be sprayed with labeled applications.

**Mixing Instructions for Small Quantities for Spot Spraying**

If the Broadcast Rate Per Acre for PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is:	Add The Following Amount of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] to 1 Gallon of Water
1 1/2 pts.	1/3 fl. oz.
2 pts.	3/8 fl. oz.
2 1/2 pts.	1/2 fl. oz.
3 pts.	2/3 fl. oz.

Add 1/3 - 1/2 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant for each gallon of spray at all times. Thoroughly wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff when spot spraying in this manner.

**TANK MIXING: ENHANCED BURNDOWN OF DIFFICULT-TO-CONTROL WEEDS AND FOR RESIDUAL WEED CONTROL**

**Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicides**

To control difficult weeds, tank mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] with other herbicides. The addition of other photosynthetic inhibitors (PSI) herbicides will slow the activity of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. This allows PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] to thoroughly distribute throughout a treated leaf, thus achieving better control than if PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is applied alone.

PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be applied in tank mixture with the following PSI herbicides:

AAtrex® Herbicide  
 Atrazine Herbicide  
 Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide  
 Bicep Lite II MAGNUM® Herbicide  
 Canopy® Herbicide

Lariat® Herbicide  
 Lexone® Herbicide  
 Linex® Herbicide  
 Lorox® Herbicide  
 Lorox Plus™ Herbicide

Princep® Herbicide  
 Sencor® Herbicides

Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

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**Improved Weed Control with PSIs**

The addition of a PSI herbicide will help improve the control of difficult weeds listed below. Make a second application for best results.

Barnyardgrass	Kochia	Perennial weeds (suppression only)
Broadleaf signalgrass	Lambsquarters	Prickly lettuce
Cheatgrass	Malva (cheeseweed)	Sedges
Cocklebur	Marestail	Tansymustard
Fall panicum	Morningglory	Velvetleaf
Giant ragweed	Pennsylvania smartweed	Volunteer wheat
Knotweed		

**Improved Control of Perennial and Annual Broadleaf Weeds**

Tank mixing with labeled 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), 2,4-DB, Banvel®, or Reflex® herbicide will help improve control when perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc., or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morning glory are present. Reduced grass control may be achieved when tank mixing the amine formulation of 2,4-D with PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].

**Order of Tank Mixing** (except for Reflex® Herbicide)

It is advisable to tank mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] and other listed products as follows:

1. Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
2. Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
3. Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
4. Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
5. Add PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] to tank.
6. Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
7. Fill remainder of spray tank.

**EXCEPTION:** When tank mixing PARAQUAT SL Herbicide with Reflex® Herbicide, the order of mixing must be as follows:

1. Fill spray tank ½ full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
2. Begin tank agitation, and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
3. Add Reflex® Herbicide to tank.
4. Add nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate to tank.
5. Add PARAQUAT SL Herbicide to tank.
6. Fill remainder of spray tank.

Failure to follow the above tank mixing sequence for PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE and Reflex® Herbicide may cause physical incompatibility to occur.

Always refer to other pesticide products labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications; directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

It is advisable to perform a jar test to check physical compatibility when using different formulation of the herbicides listed on this label.

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### USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

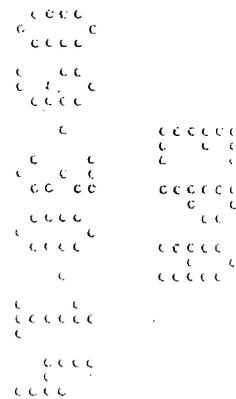
#### EQUIPMENT

PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] is corrosive to aluminum. Thoroughly flush all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures that are exposed to spray solution or spray drift with water immediately after use.

The activity of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be reduced in dry areas where dust stirred up by high winds or equipment tires can coat weed or plant leaves. Therefore, avoid applications in extremely dusty conditions.

#### LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- **Unless otherwise indicated, PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] will severely injure or kill crop plants emerged at time of application if they come in contact with sprays.**
- Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when this product is used as a cotton harvest aid.
- **DO NOT** use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or playgrounds.
- Do not apply to soils lacking clay minerals such as peat, muck, pure sand, artificial planting media for preplant and preemergence (to the crop) uses.
- To enable maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment, seedbeds and plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.
- Avoid disturbing soil when seeding or transplanting.
- Transplanted plants may become damaged when they come in contact with plastic mulch used for preplant weed control and that has been treated with this product. To prevent damage to the crop, sufficient wash-off such as rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to planting may be needed.
- PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] will be ineffective in controlling or suppressing weeds and grasses that have emerged after application.

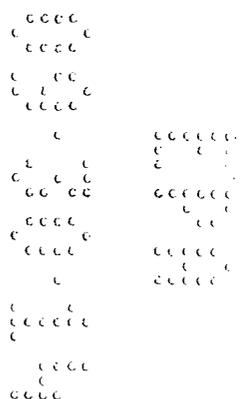


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**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALFALFA  (California only) New seedlings		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts. See Table 2	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	70	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than one application per year.</li> <li>Applications should be made during late winter or early spring.</li> <li>Do not cut or harvest within 70 days after application.</li> <li>Alfalfa foliage present at time of application will be burned.</li> <li>Replanting may be needed due to the reduction of seedling stands.</li> <li>Do not apply to seedling alfalfa grown for seed.</li> </ul>
ALFALFA Preplant or Preemergence (No-till or conventional planting)		Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply prior to emergence of the crop. Avoid disturbing soil when seeding.</li> <li>Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.</li> </ul>
ALFALFA  Dormant season Established plantings  Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section	Weeds, including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, london rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals; and suppression of perennial weeds.	Broadcast	1.3-2.0 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	42	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than one application per year.</li> <li><b>Fall regrowth:</b> Do not apply if regrowth after last cutting is greater than 6".</li> <li><b>Spring regrowth:</b> Do not apply if regrowth before first cutting is greater than 2".</li> <li>After the crop is dormant, apply to well-established stands that are at least 1-year old.</li> <li>Yield of first cutting may be reduced because alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned.</li> <li>Do not cut or harvest within 42 days after application.</li> <li>For improved and longer-lasting weed control, tank mix with metribuzin (Lexone or Sencor). Always refer to the metribuzin label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>



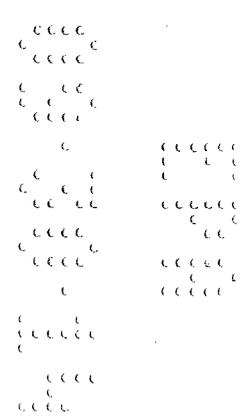
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Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<p><b>ALFALFA</b></p> <p>Dormant season Tank Mix with Velpar® L-Herbicide Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section</p>	<p>Weeds including chickweed, downy brome and tansymustard.</p>	<p>Broadcast</p>	<p>0.7-1.3 pts.</p>	<p>Ground: 10 gals. Air: 10 gals.</p>	<p>42</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>• When weeds are less than 4 inches tall apply at 0.7 pt. rate PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]</li> <li>• Mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] with 1-2 qts. of Velpar L per acre.</li> <li>• Use lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams. Always refer to the Velpar L label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>• During the dormant season, make one application to established alfalfa stands.</li> <li>• <b>Fall regrowth:</b> Do not apply if regrowth after last cutting is greater than 6".</li> <li>• <b>Spring regrowth:</b> Do not apply if regrowth before first cutting is greater than 2".</li> <li>• Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding.</li> <li>• Temporary chlorosis may occur on alfalfa regrowth.</li> <li>• Increased chances of crop injury may occur due to stress which may be caused in part by low fertility, disease, insects, winterkill, overcutting, drought or frost.</li> <li>• DO NOT USE on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand or poorly drained alkaline soils as crop injury, including mortality, may result.</li> <li>• Do not cut or harvest within 42 days of application.</li> </ul>



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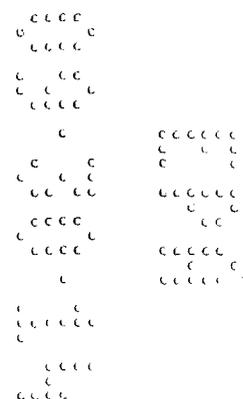
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<b>ALFALFA (East of the Rocky Mountains)</b> Between-cuttings treatment in established plantings. (Includes first year alfalfa)	Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals.	30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>• Control of weeds beyond the seedling stage and weed stubble cut off during harvest are less affected by this treatment.</li> <li>• Make applications immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage.</li> <li>• Do not treat more than 5 days after cutting.</li> <li>• A reduction in first year alfalfa stands and yields may occur if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2 inches.</li> <li>• Burning of alfalfa foliage will occur at time of application.</li> <li>• Weed control may be reduced where moisture is limited such as in arid climates.</li> <li>• Do not cut or harvest within 30 days of application.</li> <li>• Apply as needed up to three times during the growing season in addition to a dormant application.</li> <li>• Do not make more than 2 applications during the first growing season of first-year alfalfa.</li> </ul>



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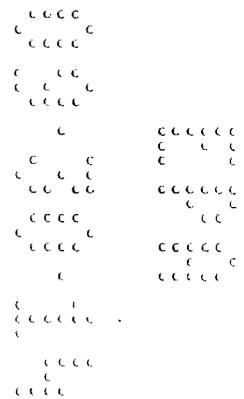
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
ALMONDS	Directed Spray	0.8-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year.</li> <li>Avoid allowing spray to contact green stems (except suckers) or foliage.</li> <li>When spraying around young trees, use a shield or wrap plant.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas and do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.</li> <li>Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground.</li> <li>Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers.</li> </ul>
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20-100 gals.	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Do not exceed 8 pts. per season.</li> <li>Applications must be made at least 7 days apart.</li> <li>Do not harvest within 24 hours of last application.</li> </ul>
ASPARAGUS	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Application should be made prior to emergence of the crop.</li> <li>Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.</li> </ul>
ASPARAGUS Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old.	Broadcast or Banded Over-Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Applications should be made prior to emergence of the crop or after last harvest.</li> <li>Emerged asparagus at time of application will be killed.</li> </ul>



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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<b>BEANS, DRY</b> NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA Sweet lupin White sweet lupin White lupin Grain lupin  Adzuki beans Asparagus beans Black beans Broad beans Field beans Garbanzo beans Kidney beans Lablab beans Lima beans Moth beans Mung beans Navy beans Pinto beans Rice beans Tepary beans Urd beans Guar  <b>PEAS, DRY</b> NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA Blackeyed peas Chickpeas Cowpeas Crowder peas Southern peas Catjang	Harvest-Aid	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Add nonionic spreader at 1 qt./100 gals. of spray mix.</li> <li>Use a single application of the higher rate for vining type of beans or bush type of lush growth.</li> <li>May also be applied as a split application and may improve vine coverage. However <b>DO NOT</b> make more than 2 applications per year or exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre.</li> <li>Apply when at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe and when leaves are no more than 40% green of bush type peas or beans or 30% of vine type peas or beans are green.</li> <li><b>DO NOT</b> apply when weather conditions favor spray drift. To reduce drift, a drift control agent may be included.</li> <li>Not registered for use on dry beans and dry peas in California.</li> </ul>
<b>BERRIES</b> Blackberry Blueberry Boysenberry Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry Loganberry Raspberry	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year.</li> <li>New canes or shoots can be injured. Therefore, apply before their emergence.</li> <li>To prevent crop injury from spray mist, apply as a coarse spray.</li> </ul>

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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
CACAO	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 50-200 gals.	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply when weeds are succulent and growth is from 1-6".</li> <li>Retreatment or spot treatments may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses and for perennials.</li> <li>Use a shield for young trees to prevent spray from contacting cacao plants, as injury may result.</li> <li>Do not spray under windy conditions.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock.</li> </ul>
CASSAVAS, TANIERS & YAMS (Puerto Rico only)	Shielded Post Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	90	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Cassavas and Taniers:</b> Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li><b>Yams:</b> Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Make applications when weeds are succulent and growth is 1-6".</li> <li>Prevent spray from contacting crop to prevent injury to crop.</li> <li>Do not spray under windy conditions.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.</li> </ul>

**Use Information for Chemical Fallow**

- As the density of stubble, crop residue or weeds increases, use higher spray volumes for better coverage.
- To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. If possible, tank mix with Atrazine for maximum burndown and residual control.
- Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment.
- Before applying PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME], cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short, and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest.
- The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds. Always refer to the product label(s) for 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile), dicamba (Banvel), or residual herbicide for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.
- It is permissible to tank mix with registered residual herbicide combinations other than those listed for extended weed control during the fallow period.
- Weeds and grasses emerging after application and weeds taller than 6 inches will not be controlled.
- Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
- The minimum total spray per acre allowed is 5 gallons for ground and 5 gallons for air applications.
- Apply 5-60 gallons spray mix per acre by ground application. When applying at <10 GPA by ground:
  - Do not apply with floaters or exceed a speed of 10 mph.
  - Apply with flat fan nozzles at 30-40 psi.
  - Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre.
  - By air: apply in 5-10 gals. of spray mix per acre.

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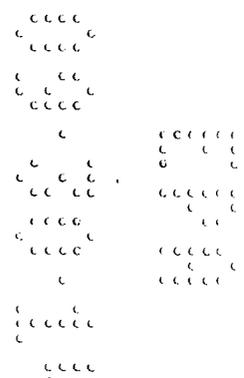
Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<b>CHEMICAL FALLOW</b>  Continuous Wheat 2-3 Month Recropping Interval	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year</li> <li>Apply at least 45 days before seeding.</li> <li>For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. Of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.</li> <li>Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".</li> </ul>
<b>CHEMICAL FALLOW</b>  Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations (Fall applied after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Spray before weeds produce seeds.</li> <li>Control of volunteer wheat and downy brome increases when applications are made late August or early September.</li> <li>For improved burndown and residual control of weeds, tank mix with Atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide, or Command® Herbicide.</li> <li>For burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weed tank mix with metribuzin (Sencor 75DF).</li> <li>Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".</li> </ul>
<b>CHEMICAL FALLOW</b>  Wheat-Fallow-Wheat Rotations (Spring applied: seeded 3-5 months later)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>To conserve moisture, application should be made March 1 to April 15, prior to spring rains.</li> <li>Even though moisture loss is greater when applications are made after the boot stage, volunteer wheat is easier to control after this stage.</li> <li>For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.</li> <li>Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".</li> <li>For burndown and residual control of grass and broadleaf weeds, tank mix with metribuzin, (Sencor 75DF/Lexone).</li> <li>Always refer to the label for metribuzin (Sencor 75DF/Lexone) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
<b>CHEMICAL FALLOW</b>  Wheat-Annual Crop <sup>1</sup> -Wheat Rotations (Fall applied in wheat stubble)	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For improved burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine or Marksman.</li> <li>Always refer to the respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Make applications after wheat harvest and before weeds produce seed.</li> <li>If grasses such as foxtails or barnyardgrass recover, respray before seed production.</li> <li>Applications made late August to November help control volunteer wheat and downy brome.</li> <li>Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".</li> </ul>

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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<b>CHEMICAL FALLOW</b>  Wheat-Annual Crop-Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop <sup>1</sup> )	Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For enhanced burndown and residual weed control, tank mix with Atrazine.</li> <li>Always refer to the respective product label(s) for Atrazine for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in spring, use at least 1.3 pts. Of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per acre with a Photosynthetic Inhibitor Herbicide.</li> <li>Refer to the section "General Information for Chemical Fallow".</li> <li>Refer to the Atrazine label for recommendations pertaining to soil pH and recropping intervals.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup>Approved Annual Crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, or proso millet.

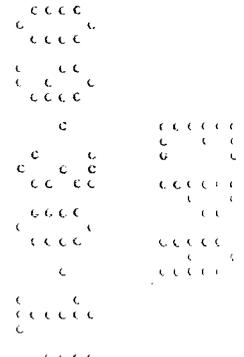


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Crop	Weeds	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<p><b>CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES</b> Including velvetbean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch.</p> <p>Dormant Season</p> <p>On established plantings: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section.</p> <p>On established plantings: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.</p> <p>On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region A – See table at end of Alfalfa section.</p> <p>On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1-year-old: Region B – See table at end of Alfalfa section.</p>	<p>For desiccation of weeds, including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals, and suppression of perennial weeds.</p> <p><b>California</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtail, sowthistle and groundsel.</li> </ul>	Broadcast	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	60	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 1 application per year.</li> <li>Applications should be made during late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting and before first spring cutting.</li> <li>Do not apply if <b>regrowth</b> after grazing or cutting is more than 2".</li> <li>Do not harvest within 60 days of application.</li> <li><b>CAUTION:</b> Stand and/or yield reductions may occur when applications are made to clover or other legumes that are not dormant, or have broken dormancy. Therefore, it may be necessary to replant. Burning will occur to green clover or other legumes' foliage present at the time of application.</li> <li>Discoloration and temporary stunting will occur in clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application.</li> <li>If there is severe weed infestation, the total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields and is usually directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.</li> </ul> <p><b>IN CALIFORNIA:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle or groundsel are present, use high rate.</li> </ul>
		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	60	
		Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	60	
		Broadcast	0.5-0.8 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	60	



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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions																						
CORN FIELD CORN POPCORN SWEET CORN SEED CORN (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder and popcorn.</li> <li>To permit maximum weed and grass emergence, seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> <li>Control will not occur when applications are made after weeds and grasses have emerged. However, crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.</li> </ul>																						
CORN  Tank Mixes for No-till/Reduced Till	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.*	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Applications should be made as broadcast sprays before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control:                             <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>2,4-D Ester (Low Volatile)</td> <td>Hamess®</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AAtrex/Atrazine®</td> <td>Hamess® Xtra</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Banvel®</td> <td>Lasso® Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bicep</td> <td>Linex®</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAGNUM®</td> <td>Lorox®</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bicep Lite II</td> <td>Princep®</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAGNUM®</td> <td>Prowl® Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dual MAGNUM®</td> <td>Simazine®</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frontier®</td> <td>Surpass® EC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Guardzman®</td> <td>Surpass® 100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Harmony® Extra Herbicide (Preplant only)</td> <td>Topnotch®</td> </tr> </table> </li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may also be tank mixed with Ambush® insecticide.</li> <li>Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>*Always refer to respective product label(s) to confirm if these products can be applied by air.</li> </ul>	2,4-D Ester (Low Volatile)	Hamess®	AAtrex/Atrazine®	Hamess® Xtra	Banvel®	Lasso® Herbicide	Bicep	Linex®	MAGNUM®	Lorox®	Bicep Lite II	Princep®	MAGNUM®	Prowl® Herbicide	Dual MAGNUM®	Simazine®	Frontier®	Surpass® EC	Guardzman®	Surpass® 100	Harmony® Extra Herbicide (Preplant only)	Topnotch®
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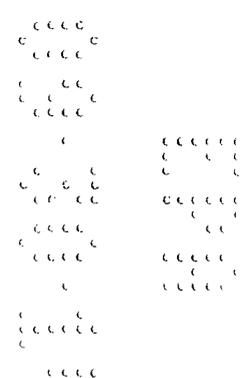
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN	Postemergence Directed Spray (including Hooded or Shielded)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>• Applications should be made when weeds are actively growing.</li> <li>• Use a higher rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.</li> <li>• Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray contacts corn plants.</li> </ul> <p><b>For Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheel on the spray boom to maintain spray height in order to prevent excessive crop phytotoxicity.</li> <li>• Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.</li> </ul> <p><b>For Directed Spray Without Hooded Or Shielded Sprayers.</b></p> <p><i>Corn height is measured from soil surface to top of whorl.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply when corn is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of corn stalks.</li> <li>• Corn plants shorter than 10" may be injured and not recover.</li> <li>• For corn more than 20" tall: Arrange the nozzles to spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks.</li> <li>• Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed. However, corn will recover and develop normally.</li> </ul>

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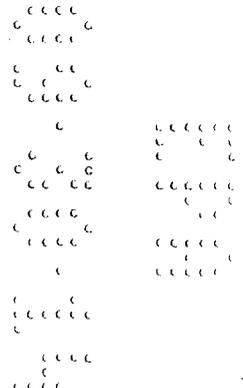
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FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN	Harvest Aid Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than one application per year. Make ONE (1) application at least 7 days prior to harvest.</li> <li>Apply after the corn is mature. This is indicated by a black layer which forms at the base of the kernels. You may consult your local agricultural authority for help in identifying the black layer.</li> <li>Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface active ingredient at 0.25% v/v.</li> <li>To desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or broadleaf weeds and grasses that are taller than 18" use 1.3 pts.</li> <li>Drought stressed plants, especially broadleaf weeds, can be difficult to kill and desiccation may not be complete.</li> </ul>
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	Postemergence Directed Spray USDA Witchweed Eradication Program	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August.</li> <li>Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.</li> </ul>
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)  2,4-D Amine AE Tank Mix	Postemergence Directed Spray USDA Witchweed Eradication Program	5.4 fl. oz. +0.5 lb. 2,4-D Amine AE	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply as directed spray onto grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. If regrowth occurs, reapply.</li> <li>Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.</li> <li>Always refer to respective product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
COTTON (Used alone)	Preplant or Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply prior to, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.</li> <li>For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.</li> </ul>
COTTON (California only; Used alone)	Preplant	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.</li> </ul>



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<b>SOUTHERN COTTON</b>  Harvest aid for bolls opening and defoliation (Tank mix with phosphate and chlorate defoliants)	Broadcast	5.4 fl. oz. + 1 pt. Phosphate or 1 gal. chlorate	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.</li> <li>Apply when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.</li> <li>Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
<b>SOUTHERN COTTON</b>  Additional tank mixes for boll opening and defoliation	Broadcast	2.1-3.3 oz.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with the following products to aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls. Accelerate® Defoliant Def® Defoliant Dropp® Defoliant Ethephon® Plant Growth Regulator Folex® Defoliant Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulator Prep™ PGR</li> <li>Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.</li> <li>Always refer to the tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
<b>SOUTHERN COTTON</b>  Post Defoliation – To aid in opening of mature bolls and to desiccate green weeds.	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>If weed infestation is heavy or dense use higher rate.</li> <li>Apply when 75% or more of bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.</li> <li>After a defoliation or conditioning application has been made, delay desiccation application of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking.</li> </ul>
<b>WESTERN COTTON</b>  Harvest aid for boll opening and early defoliation	Broadcast	3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate; and/or other compatible harvest aid products.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>On rank cotton, use higher rate.</li> <li>Do not use more than 5.4 fl. oz of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] for early defoliation as excessive desiccation may occur.</li> <li>Early defoliation timing is when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB).</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.</li> <li>Do not use more than 4.0 lbs. of actual sodium chlorate defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing.</li> <li>Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>

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<p><b>WESTERN COTTON</b></p> <p>Harvest aid for boll opening and mid-to-late defoliation</p>	Broadcast	5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliation and/or other compatible harvest aid products.		3 (Alone)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>Use the 10.7 fl. oz. rate of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] in desert cotton areas or on rank vigorous cotton.</li> <li>Mid-to-late defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB).</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.</li> <li>Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
<p><b>COTTON Stripper or Spindle Harvested</b></p> <p>Harvest aid for defoliation and boll opening.</p>	Broadcast	2.1-7.5 fl. oz.	<p>Ground: 10 gals.</p> <p>Air: 5 gals.</p>	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK OF COTTON TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.</li> <li>Apply when 75% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature.</li> <li>DEVELOPMENT OF IMMATURE BOLLS WILL BE INHIBITED, SLICE BOLLS AND INSPECT THE SEED FOR MATURITY.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids:                      Accelerate Defoliant®                      Def Defoliant®                      Dropp Defoliant®                      Ethephone Plant Growth Regulator®                      Folex Defoliant®                      Harvade Harvest Growth Regulator®                      Prep™ PGR</li> <li>May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A.</li> <li>To avoid leaf sticking, apply PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliant or a conditioning application and 7-14 days before harvest.</li> <li>Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner.</li> <li>South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.</li> <li>Always refer to tank mix product label(s) for rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>

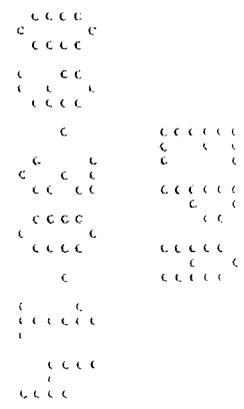
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COTTON  Late season desiccation	Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>BECAUSE OF EXTREMES IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND PLANT CONDITIONS, IT IS ADVISABLE TO APPLY THE RANGE OF RATES ON A SMALL BLOCK TO DETERMINE THE RATE THAT BEST FITS YOUR NEEDS.</li> <li>May be applied as a split application. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts./A.</li> <li>Apply when 85% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 0 NACB).</li> <li>Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect the seed for maturity.</li> <li>South of Interstate-10 in Texas, where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation, lower rates in the range may be necessary.</li> <li>Delay desiccation application of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] approximately 3-7 days to minimize leaf sticking if a defoliation or conditioning application has been made.</li> <li>May be tank mixed with other harvest aid materials known to the local expert to be effective.</li> </ul>
COTTON  Desiccation of Regrowth	Broadcast	0.75-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation.</li> <li>Because regrowth is difficult to control thorough coverage with the full rate is necessary.</li> <li>Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete.</li> <li>If regrowth is excessive, use higher rate.</li> </ul>

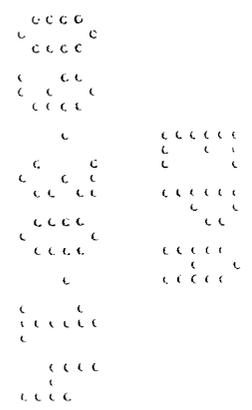


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EASTER LILIES (Field grown)	Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not exceed two applications per year.</li> </ul>
FALLOW LAND Prior to planting of any crops	Preplant Broadcast to Fallow Land	1.0-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year, during the fallow period.</li> <li>Fallow land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for ground preparation purposes.</li> <li>Use for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansy mustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals and for suppression of perennial weeds or sedges.</li> <li>For weeds approaching the maximum size of 6" the higher rate may be used.</li> <li>No more than 2 applications should be made during the fallow period.</li> <li>Prior to application allow maximum weed emergence to maximize the benefit of this use.</li> <li>Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on this label.</li> </ul>
GRASSES (For Seed) (For Use in Seedbed Preparation)	Preplant, At Planting, or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate.</li> <li>Apply PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] when weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage.</li> <li>Applications may be repeated as necessary (but only up to 3 applications per year) prior to grass emergence.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding.</li> </ul>
GUAR (Preharvest desiccation)	Preharvest	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply after the pods are fully mature.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.</li> </ul>
GUAVA	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 4 applications per year.</li> <li>Do not allow spray to contact green stems, fruit or foliage.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas.</li> <li>Do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock.</li> <li>Retreatment or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials.</li> </ul>



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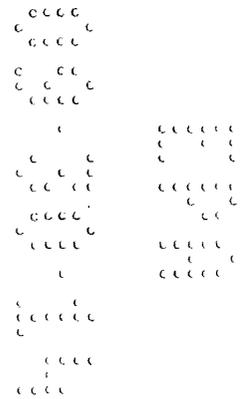
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ONIONS (seeded) AND GARLIC	Preplant/ Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60 200 (CA only)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 1 application per year.</li> <li>For heavy weed infestations or wild oat control use the higher rate. Apply only one application per season at the 2.7 pts./A dosage.</li> <li>Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence.</li> <li>Apply a maximum of 2.7 pts./A per season.</li> </ul>
PASSION FRUIT	Directed Spray	2.5 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year.</li> <li>If bark is still green at application time, use a shield or wrap vine.</li> <li>Pick all fruit off the ground prior to application if application is to be made during harvest season.</li> <li>Do not allow animals to graze on treated areas.</li> <li>It may be necessary to retreat or spot treat.</li> </ul>
PEANUTS	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>To control or suppress small (1-6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds in peanuts at ground crack. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack.</li> <li>For at ground crack use, PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] can be tank mixed with Pursuit® Herbicide or Dual MAGNUM® for residual weed control.</li> <li>Always refer to the Pursuit® or Dual MAGNUM® label for a list of weeds controlled, application rates, necessary precautions, and use limitations.</li> <li>Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season.</li> <li>Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.</li> <li>Do not apply by air.</li> </ul>



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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
PEANUTS  Basagran® Herbicide Tank Mix	Broadcast At Ground Crack Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Tank mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] with Basagran® at 1 pt./A. for improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed and prickly sida.</li> <li>This tank mix can be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack.</li> <li>Make no more than 2 applications per season and do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season.</li> <li>Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.</li> <li>Always refer to the Basagran® label for weeds controlled rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>If peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide treatment do not apply this tank mix as injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged.</li> <li>During prolonged periods of drought or unseasonably cold weather do not apply this tank mix as unsatisfactory weed control may result.</li> <li>Do not apply by air.</li> </ul>
PEANUTS  Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® Herbicide 200 Tank Mix	Broadcast Postemergence	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>For improved control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod and morningglory tank mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] with 8-16 oz. (0.125-0.25 lbs.) per acre of Butyrac or Butoxone 200.</li> <li>Do not apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per season and make no more than 2 applications per season.</li> <li>Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.</li> <li>Always refer to the Butyrac® or Butoxone 200® labels for weeds controlled rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Do not apply by air.</li> </ul>
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	60	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 1 application per year.</li> <li>Avoid contact with pigeon pea foliage.</li> <li>Do not make more than 1 application per season.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.</li> <li>Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.</li> </ul>
PINEAPPLE	Directed Spray	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not exceed 3 applications per season.</li> <li>More mature weeds may require retreatment.</li> </ul>
POTATO	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	0.7-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply up to ground cracking stage, before potatoes have emerged.</li> </ul>
POTATO  (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only; used alone)	Preplant Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.</li> </ul>

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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
RICE	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence. When vegetation is dense, use higher rates and spray volumes.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] will not control weeds and grasses emerging after application. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use for improved or extended weed control. Always refer to the tank mix herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy and/or wet weather delays speed of kill, do not flood/flush until complete kill is evident.</li> </ul>
SAFFLOWER	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply before, during and after planting but before crop emergence.</li> </ul>
SAFFLOWER (California only)	Preplant Broadcast	0.7 pt.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.</li> </ul>
SMALL GRAINS (Barley, wheat)	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 5 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> </ul>
SMALL GRAINS (Wheat Only) Hoelon® 3EC Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>A tank mix with Hoelon® 3EC will improve grass control.</li> <li>Apply when weeds are actively growing and 1-6" in height. Weeds 6 inches or taller may not be controlled.</li> <li>Do not apply this tank mix to barley as crop injury may result.</li> <li>Always refer to the Hoelon® 3EC label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
SORGHUM (Grain)	Preplant/ Preemergence Broadcast or Band	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	48 (grain) 20 (forage)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>To allow maximum weed and grass emergence seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting as possible.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> </ul>

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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions																
SOYBEANS	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. Of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per season.</li> <li>Apply as a broadcast spray before, during or after planting, but before crop emergence.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control:                             <table border="0"> <tr> <td>2,4-DB</td> <td>Lorox</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Canopy</td> <td>Lorox Plus</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dual MAGNUM</td> <td>Prowl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Goal</td> <td>Pursuit Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Harmony Extra (Preplant Only)</td> <td>Scepter Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lasso</td> <td>Sencor Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lexone</td> <td>Surflan® Herbicide</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Linex</td> <td>Turbo Herbicide</td> </tr> </table> </li> <li>The rate of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. Where weed canopy is dense or under dry conditions use the highest rate of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME]. Always refer to the respective product label(s) for a list of weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>The lower application rate may be used when weeds are less than 4" tall and a selective postemergence spray or cultivation will be made within 3 weeks after planting.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> <li>Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod).</li> </ul>	2,4-DB	Lorox	Canopy	Lorox Plus	Dual MAGNUM	Prowl	Goal	Pursuit Herbicide	Harmony Extra (Preplant Only)	Scepter Herbicide	Lasso	Sencor Herbicide	Lexone	Surflan® Herbicide	Linex	Turbo Herbicide
2,4-DB	Lorox																				
Canopy	Lorox Plus																				
Dual MAGNUM	Prowl																				
Goal	Pursuit Herbicide																				
Harmony Extra (Preplant Only)	Scepter Herbicide																				
Lasso	Sencor Herbicide																				
Lexone	Surflan® Herbicide																				
Linex	Turbo Herbicide																				
SOYBEANS  2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) Tank Mix	Preplant or Preemergence	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts.  Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts.  Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.35-0.475 lbs. a.i./A at least 7 days prior to planting.</li> <li>Apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) at 0.475-0.95 lbs. a.i./A at least 30 days prior to planting.</li> <li>Do not apply 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) prior to planting soybeans if you are not able to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.</li> <li>Do not use amine formulation as PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] activity may be reduced.</li> <li>May be tank mixed with residual herbicides listed above.</li> <li>Always refer to the 2,4-D ester (Low Volatile) label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>																

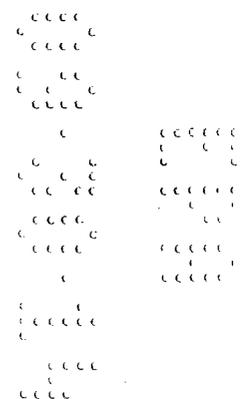
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
SOYBEANS	Postemergence Directed Spray (Includes Hooded or Shielded)	3.0-5.3 fl. oz.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply when weeds are actively growing.</li> <li>Use the lower rate of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] for control of seeding johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, brachiaria, Texas millet and pigweed less than 2" tall.</li> <li>For control of 2-4" red rice, <i>Brachiaria</i>, barnyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, and fall panicum, use 5.3 fl. oz of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME].</li> <li>Use 5.3 fl. oz. of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] for control of 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed.</li> <li>Apply PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] at 5.3 fl. oz./A plus 0.2 lb. active ingredient per acre of a 2,4-D formulation for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice.</li> <li>Always refer to the 2,4-D label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.</li> <li>If necessary, make a second and final application 7-14 days later.</li> </ul> <p><b>HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants.</li> <li>Use higher rate on larger (less than 6") on hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled.</li> <li>Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants.</li> </ul> <p><b>DIRECTED SPRAY WITHOUT HOODED OR SHIELDED SPRAYERS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not treat on soybeans that are less than 8" tall.</li> <li>Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the soybean plant is contacted by the application spray.</li> <li>Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.</li> <li>Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is dependent upon the precision of application and spraying conditions.</li> </ul>



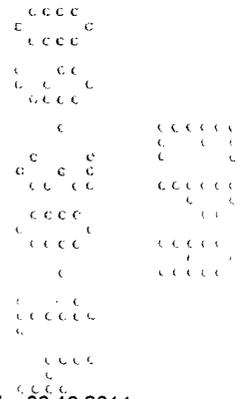
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SOYBEANS	Harvest Aid	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Ground: 20 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Indeterminant varieties: Applications should be made when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less.</li> <li>Determinant varieties: Apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, 1/2 of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing.</li> <li>Injury will occur on immature soybeans.</li> <li>Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants, are tolerant to PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] and desiccation will not be complete. Always use the higher rate when treating cocklebur.</li> <li>Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.</li> <li>Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay.</li> </ul>
STRAWBERRIES	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Direct spray between the rows, using shields to prevent spray contact with crop plants.</li> <li>Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result.</li> <li>Do not apply more than 3 times per season.</li> <li>Do not graze livestock in treated areas.</li> </ul>
SUGAR BEETS	Preplant or Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For heavier weed infestations use the higher label rate.</li> <li>Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> <li>Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.</li> <li>Can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control.</li> <li>Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.</li> </ul>



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SUGARCANE	Postemergence Directed Spray (includes Hooded or Shielded)			--	<b>General Comments</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year, except applications made by air in Florida and Texas in which the maximum number of applications allowed is 1 per year.</li> <li>Apply as a hooded, shielded or directed spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction.</li> <li>If necessary, a second and final application can be made when new weed growth is 2-6" high.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.</li> </ul>
--Florida--		1.3 pts.	Ground: 50 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Optimum results can be obtained by applying in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small.</li> <li>Do not apply after June 1, as cane growth may be stunted and yields reduced.</li> </ul>
--Hawaii--		1.3 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Do not apply after cane rows have closed in.</li> </ul>
--Louisiana--		0.7-2.0 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>For tiller control, apply when tillers are less than 18" high.</li> <li>For heavier weed infestations or tiller growth use the higher rate.</li> </ul>
--Florida & Texas-	Harvest Aid	0.4-0.7 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 1 application per year.</li> <li>Under cool, cloudy weather conditions use higher rate.</li> <li>Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.</li> </ul>
SUNFLOWER	Preplant or Preemergence Broadcast or Banded Over Row	1.7- 2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence.</li> </ul>
SUNFLOWER	Preharvest Desiccation Broadcast	0.8-1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is equivalent to the time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock.</li> <li>When crop stands or weed infestations are heavy, use the higher label rate.</li> </ul>
TARO, DRYLAND (Hawaii Only)	Postemergence Directed Spray	1.3-2.1 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	180	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Do not allow spray to contact the taro plants as injury may result.</li> <li>Make the first application when weed growth is 1-4" high.</li> <li>Weeds emerging after the application will not be controlled.</li> <li>A single re-treatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland taro within 6 months of the last application.</li> </ul>
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT Deciduous and Conifers	Preplant Broadcast	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 20 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>To allow maximum emergence of weeds prepare ground early.</li> <li>Apply prior to planting. Plant with minimal soil disturbance.</li> <li>For heavier weed infestations, use the higher application rate.</li> <li>For improved burndown or residual control, tank mix PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] with other herbicides labeled for this use.</li> <li>Always refer to the specific tank mix herbicide label(s) for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Do not apply in less than 20 gals./A as weed control will be</li> </ul>

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<p><b>TREES AND VINES</b>                      Orchards,                      Vineyards,                      Windbreak,                      Shade &amp;                      Ornamental                      Trees:                      Acerola                      Apples                      Apricots                      Avocados                      Bananas                      Beechnut                      Brazil Nut                      Butternut                      Calamondin                      Cashew                      Cherries                      Chestnut                      Chinquapin                      Citrus Citron                      Coffee                      Figs                      Filberts                      Grapefruit                      Grapes                      Hickory Nut                      Kiwi Fruit                      Kumquat                      Lemon                      Lime                      Macadamia Nuts                      Mandarin                      Nectarines                      Olives                      Orange (sour &amp; sweet)                      Papayas                      Peaches                      Pears                      Pecans                      Pistachios                      Plums                      Prunes                      Pummelo                      Satsuma mandarin                      Walnuts                      Other shade and ornamental trees such as arborvitae, ash, elm, fir, oak, pine, etc.</p>	<p>Directed Spray</p>	<p>1.7- 2.7 pts.</p>	<p>Ground:                      10 gals.</p>	<p>Apricots                      28                      Cherries                      28                      Figs                      13                      Kiwi Fruit                      14                      Nectarines                      28                      Olives                      13                      Peaches                      14                      Pistachios                      7                      Plums                      28</p>	<p><b>Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shells split.</li> <li>Do not allow spray to make contact with green stems (except suckers), fruit or foliage.</li> <li>Use the shield or wrap plant when spraying around young trees or vines.</li> <li>Do not graze treated areas.</li> <li>Do not feed covered crops grown in treated areas to livestock.</li> <li>Do not apply when figs, nuts or olives to be harvested are on the ground.</li> <li>For apricots – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For cherries – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For figs – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 5 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For grapes – treat when sucker growth is no more than 8" long. Late season applications to weeds should be made to avoid contact with desirable foliage.</li> <li>For kiwi fruit – Do not treat more than 3 times per year.</li> <li>For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds and green suckers, retreatment or spot treatment may be necessary.</li> <li>For nectarines – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For olives – Do not harvest within 13 days after application and do not exceed 4 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For peaches – Do not harvest within 14 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> <li>For pistachios – Do not exceed 2 applications after shells split.</li> <li>For plums – Do not harvest within 28 days after application and do not exceed 3 postemergence directed applications per season.</li> </ul>

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TREES AND VINES  Tank Mixes	Directed Spray	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	Always refer to other Tank Mix labels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 5 applications per year, except for: Apricots, Cherries, Kiwi Fruit, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, no more than 3 applications per year; Olives, no more than 4 applications and Pistachios, no more than 5 applications but only 2 applications after shells split.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with registered residual herbicides listed below for combined emerged and residual weed control.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Devrinol® Herbicide Goal® Karmex® Krovar® Herbicides Princep® Sinbar® Solicam® Herbicide Surflan®</li> <li>Always refer to other herbicide labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>
TYFON (New Hampshire only)	Preplant Preemergence	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.</li> <li>Weeds and grasses emerging after treatment will not be controlled.</li> <li>Crop plants emerged at time of application will be injured.</li> </ul>
VEGETABLES (Seeded or Transplanted) Beans (Lima, Snap) Broccoli Cabbage Cantaloupe Carrots Cauliflower Chayote Fruit Chinese Cabbage Chinese Waxgourd Citron Melon Collards Cucumber Eggplant Gherkin Gourd, Edible Groundcherry Lettuce Momordica spp. Musk Melons Peas Pepino Peppers Pumpkin Squash Sweet Corn Tomatillo Turnips Tomatoes Watermelons	Preplant Preemergence	1.3-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals. Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence.</li> <li>Banded or broadcast treatment applications can be made before, during or after planting but prior to the crop emergence.</li> <li>For heavier weed infestations, use the higher rate.</li> <li>Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance.</li> <li>Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] can be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal®. Always refer to the Goal® label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> <li>Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.</li> </ul>

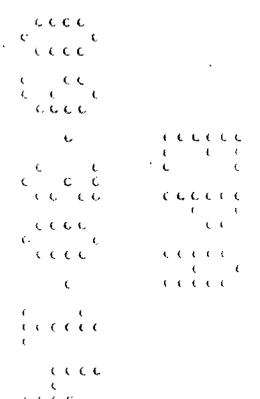
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
VEGETABLES Eggplant Tomatoes Peppers	Directed Spray	1.3 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 3 applications per year.</li> <li>For control or suppression of emerged weeds between rows after crop establishment.</li> <li>Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure. Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift.</li> <li>Apply when weeds are succulent and weed growth is less than 6".</li> <li>Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.</li> <li>Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.</li> <li>Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.</li> </ul>
VEGETABLES Tomatoes	After Final Harvest	1.6-2.5 pts.	Ground: 40-120 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply in 40-120 gallons of water per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A).</li> <li>Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125 v/v (1 pt./100 gals. Spray solution).</li> <li>To ensure maximum herbicide burndown tomato vines should be thoroughly covered.</li> <li>PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] may be deactivated and less efficacious when dirty or muddy water is used.</li> <li>To aid in the removal of Sweet Potato Whitefly, burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season.</li> <li>To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce fine spray droplets (mist).</li> </ul>
VEGETABLES (California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho only) Lettuce Melon Sugar Beets Tomatoes	Broadcast	0.4-0.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>For control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.</li> <li>Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.</li> </ul>
VEGETABLES Rhubarb	Dormant	1.7-2.7 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply during dormant season before buds in crown begin to grow.</li> </ul>



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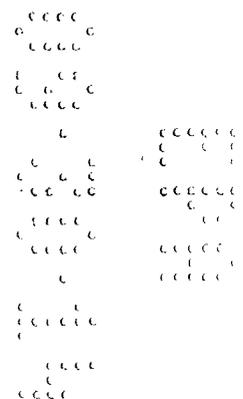
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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
<p>*For Prickly Pear Desiccation in Pastures</p> <p>**Not for use in California</p>	Spot Sprays	0.8 fl. oz. per gallon of water	Spray to wet weed foliage	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not make more than 10 applications per year.</li> <li>• Hand-held equipment such as knapsacks, backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, and handwands, can be used to direct the spray onto weed foliage so that the spray thoroughly wets foliage.</li> <li>• Mix 0.8 fl. oz. of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] and 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water.</li> <li>• Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray.</li> <li>• Apply in May through September for best desiccation results.</li> <li>• Do not use more than 1.6 pts. of PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per acre per year.</li> <li>• Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.</li> <li>• Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty® herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of water for improved desiccation and perennial control of Prickly pear.</li> <li>• Always refer to the Grazon® P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.</li> </ul>

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Crop	Use Pattern	PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] Rate Per Acre	Minimum Total Spray Per Acre	Grazing or Preharvest Interval (Days)	Additional Precautions, Restrictions and Directions
*For Juniper Species leaf moisture reduction or desiccation prior to <u>Prescribed</u> burning of pastures  *Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.3 pts.	Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 10 applications per year.</li> <li>Use only in conjunction with prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension Range Specialists.</li> <li>Apply during hot, dry weather conditions (generally July and August).</li> <li>Use 2% v/v nonionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gal. spray solution.</li> <li>Monitor Juniper leaf moisture content. Maximum leaf moisture reduction generally occurs 3-4 weeks after PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] application.</li> <li>Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for Juniper Crown burns.</li> <li>Reduction in leaf moisture can be adversely affected by cool or humid weather conditions.</li> <li>Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.</li> </ul>
*Native Pastures ** Not for use in California	Broadcast	1.0-1.25 pts.	Ground: 10 gals.  Air: 5 gals.	--	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do not make more than 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Apply PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] for control of Downy and Japanese Brome.</li> <li>Apply in spring after 90% node formation of brome species, but before full bloom.</li> <li>Emerged native perennial grasses will be burned by application, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to recover and attain maximum growth in the use season.</li> <li>Do not apply more than 1.25 pts. PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] per year.</li> <li>Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of treatment.</li> </ul>

Conversion Table PARAQUAT SL HERBICIDE® [ALT. BRAND NAME] to Be Applied			
Ounces	Pints	Lb. a.i.	Acres/Gallon
2.5	0.16	0.06	51.3
4.8	0.30	0.11	26.7
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0

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SINON USA, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law:

- All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User;
- The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid for this product; and
- SINON USA makes no warranties of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose nor for any other expressed or implied warranty except as stated above.

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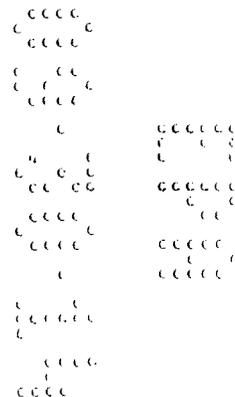
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